



St. Lawrence Global Observatory

Interoperability and cooperation
for the sustainable management of
the St. Lawrence global ecosystem

*chc*2010

21-23 juin | June 21-23
Québec, QC, CANADA
www.chc2010.ca

Context / Needs

To get timely access to the best data available
environment, climate, resource distribution & abundance, ...

To be more efficient

sharing knowledge, expertise & means among data producers,
reducing duplication, ID information gaps,...

To better understand the ecosystem

climate changes, erosion, endangered & invasive species...

To make the best decisions

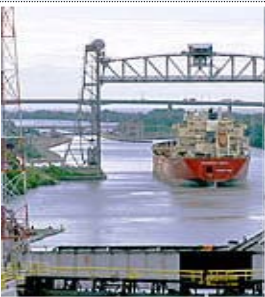
public safety, security, health, conservation, protection, ...

To support integrated ecosystem management

fisheries, coastal development, navigation, transportation,
tourism, natural resource exploitation,...

characteristics of the St. Lawrence

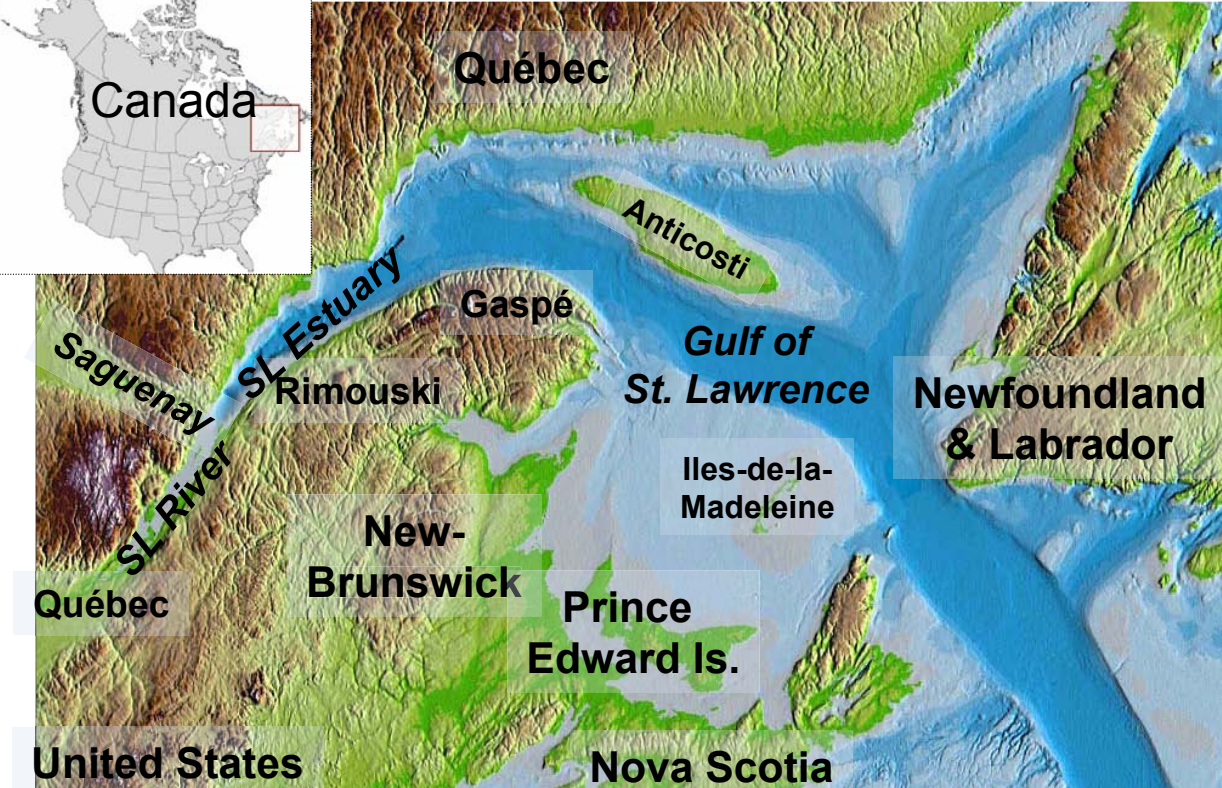
- large & productive ecosystem, rich biodiversity, covering over 250,000 km² + watersheds
- extreme physical characteristics: tides (1-7 m), currents, ice, winds, temperature, hypoxia, ...
- sensitive shores – multiple uses : erosion, storm surges, dredging, coastal engineering, etc.)
- 80% of population in coastal regions



Vision & objectives of SLGO

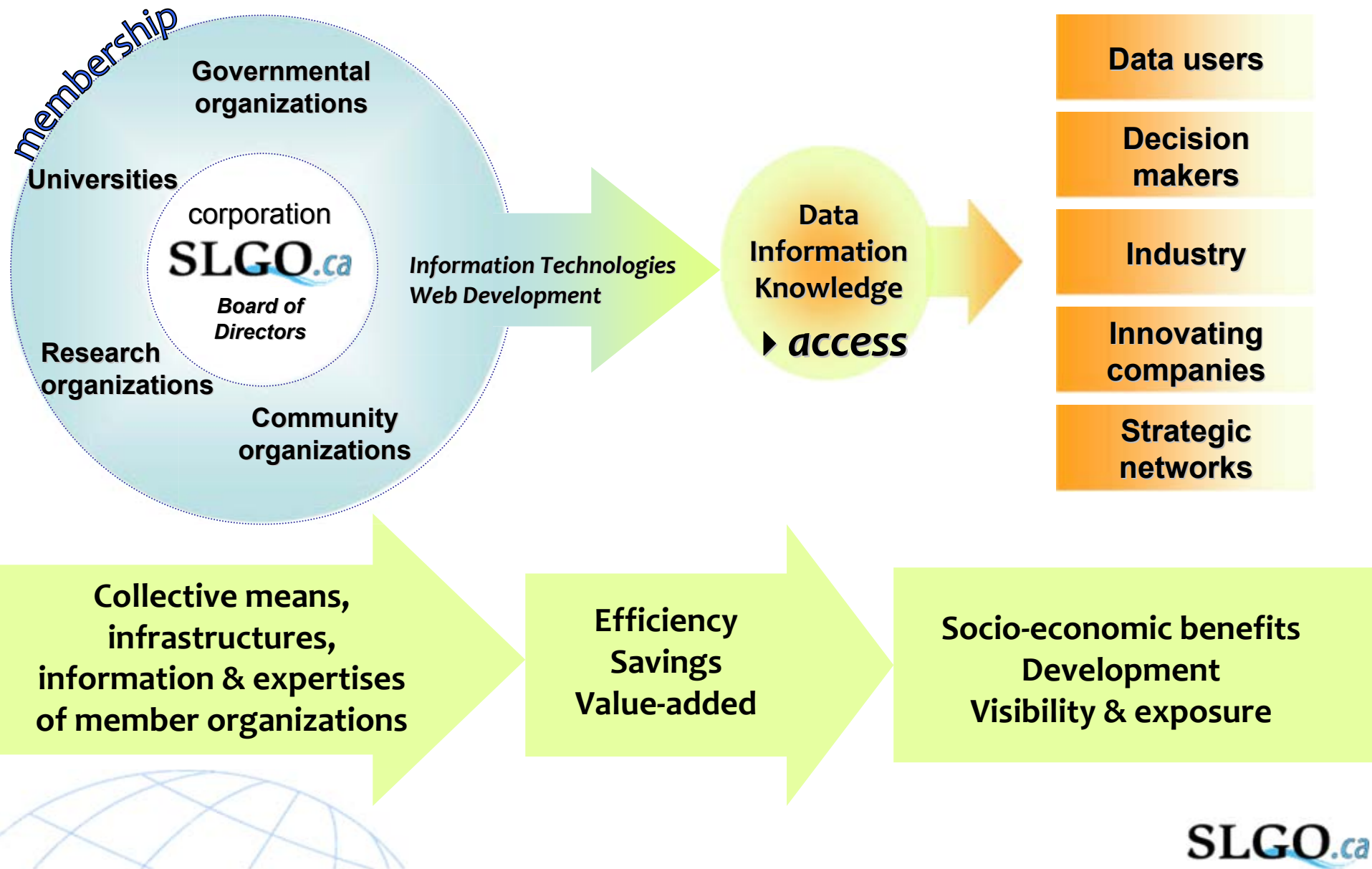
To offer an **integrated Web access** to the most accurate and complete data and information about the St. Lawrence ecosystem through **clustering and networking of data producers** (government, academic, communities, etc)

in **response to the needs** of member organizations and their client communities.



Territory including the St. Lawrence River, Estuary and Gulf and the watersheds

Collaborative model



SLGO Members

ACTIVE MEMBERS

Université du Québec à Rimouski



Université Laval



Institut National de la Recherche Scientifique



Fisheries & Oceans Canada



Pêches et Océans
Canada

Fisheries and Oceans
Canada

Environment Canada



Environnement
Canada

Environment
Canada

Université du Québec à Montréal



Parks Canada



Parcs
Canada

Parks
Canada

Natural Resources Canada



Ressources naturelles
Canada

Natural Resources
Canada

Université du Québec à Trois-Rivières



Agriculture & Fisheries Quebec - MAPAQ



ASSOCIATE MEMBERS

Stratégies Saint-Laurent (SSL)



Centre Interdisciplinaire de Développement en
Cartographie des Océans (CIDCO)



Technopole maritime
du Québec (TMQ)



Centre de recherche sur
les milieux insulaires et
maritimes (CERMIM)



OBSERVERS

CSA



Agence spatiale
canadienne

Canadian Space
Agency

DEC



Développement
économique Canada

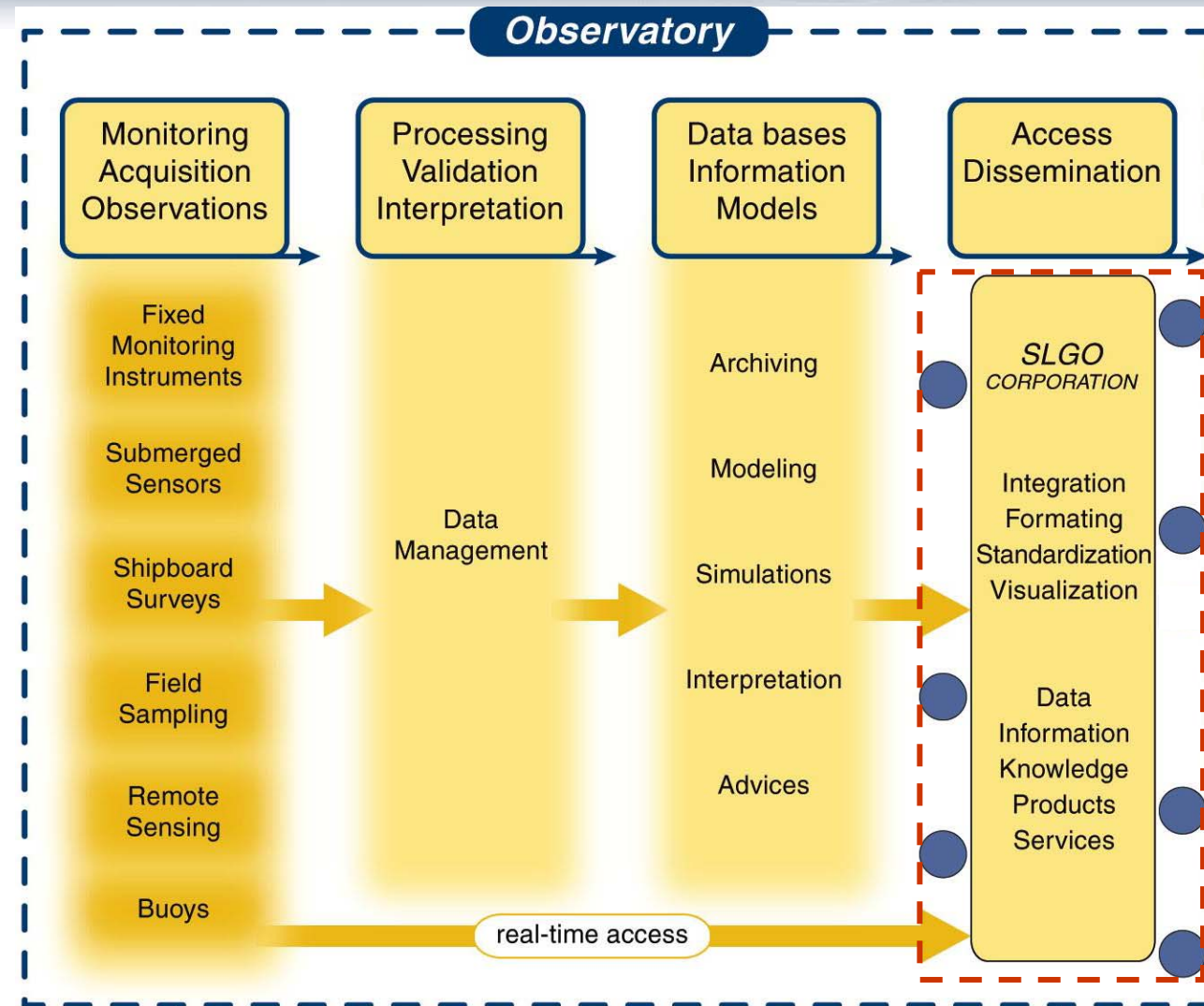
Canada Economic
Development

MDEIE

Développement
économique, Innovation
et Exportation



Observatory concept



collective means,
infrastructures,
information
and expertise
implemented
by member
organizations
and the SLGO
Corporation

governance structure

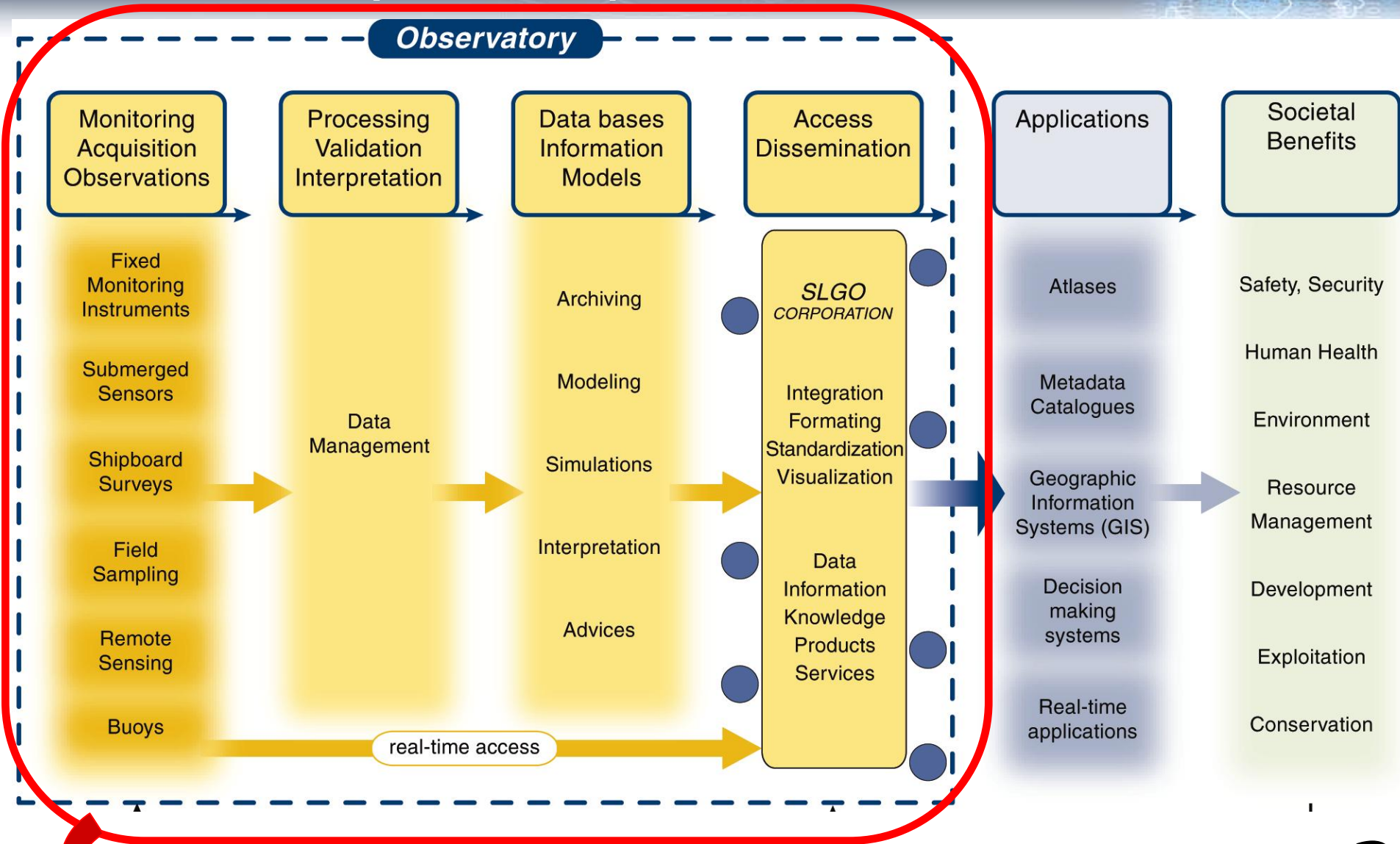
- non-profit organization
- Board of Directors
- business plan

member organization

- membership agreement

Integrated access • distributed data • network • quality • efficiency

Observatory concept



...what is already in place?

data, information, knowledge, products & services in response to user needs

Existing capabilities

Observatory

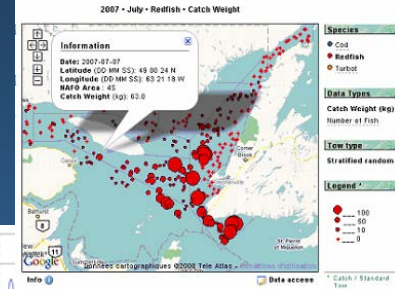
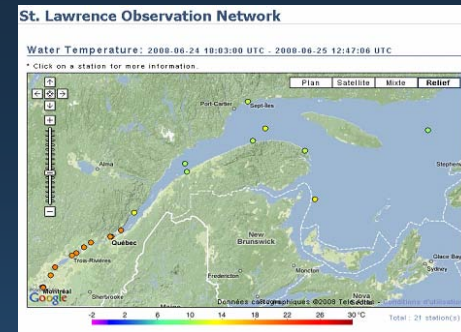
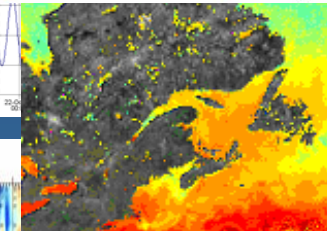
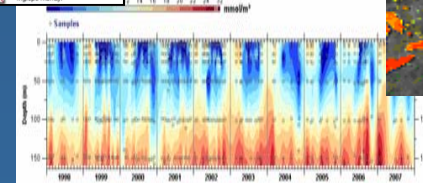
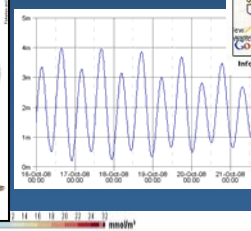
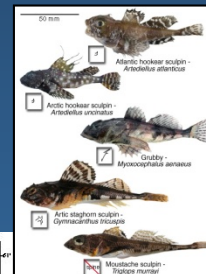
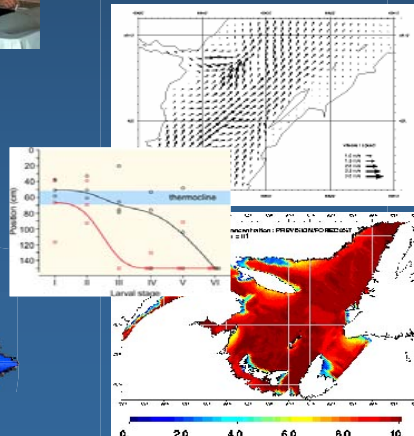
Monitoring
Acquisition
Observations

Processing
Validation
Interpretation

Data bases
Information
Models

Access
Dissemination

- **Network of sensors:** tides, water levels, weather...
- **Monitoring & sampling programs** – ocean & freshwater
- **Research platforms**
- **Remote sensing**
- **Seabed mapping**
- **Network of experts**
- **Data management policies & processes**
- **Advisory Committees**
- **Archives, time series**
- **Climate models**
- **Forecasts:** sea ice, currents, storm surges...
- **Operational services**
- **Web development expertise**
- **On-line data, information, products**
- **Web services**
- **On-line applications**
- **Large client base**



SLGO



Data types

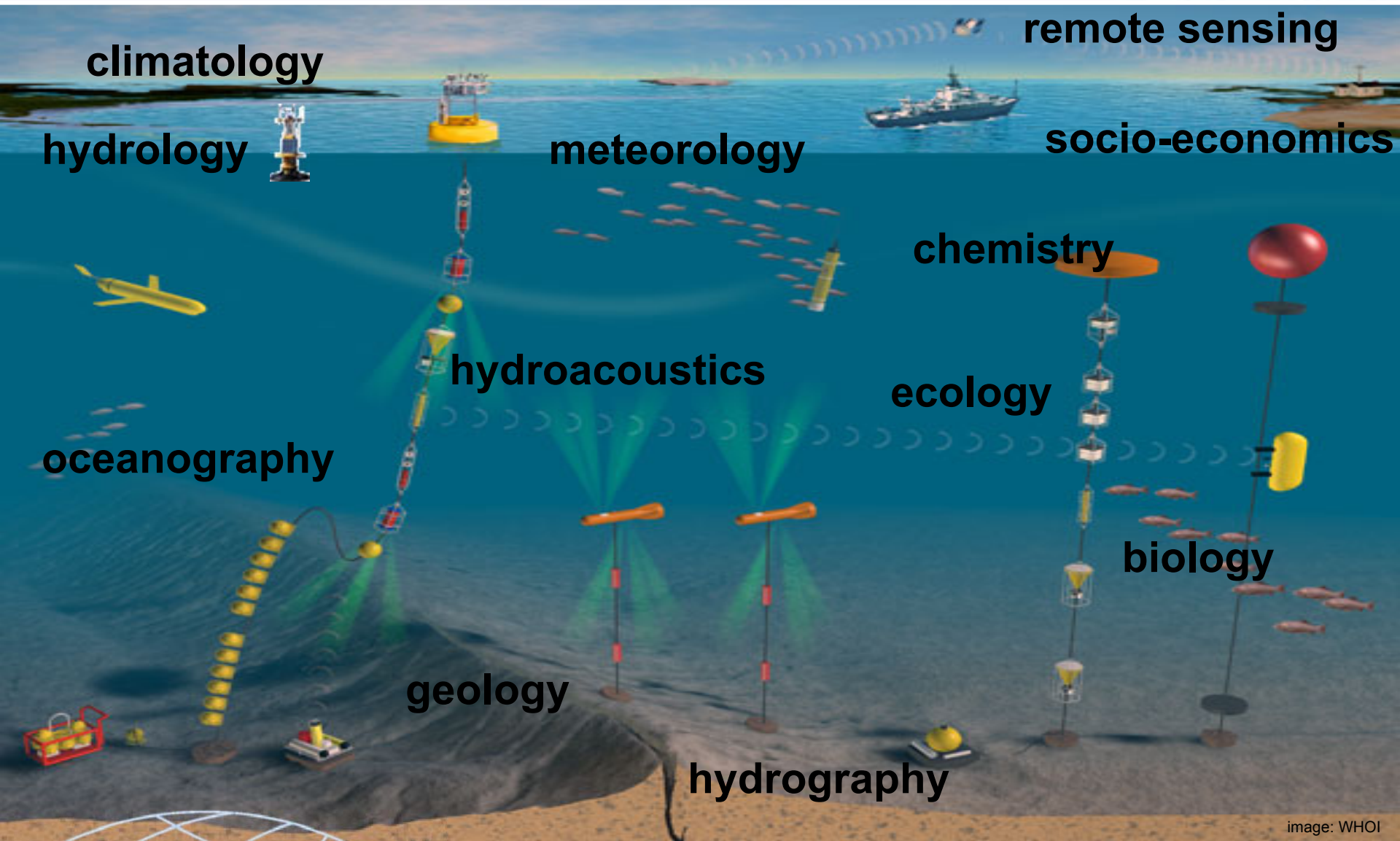


image: WHOI

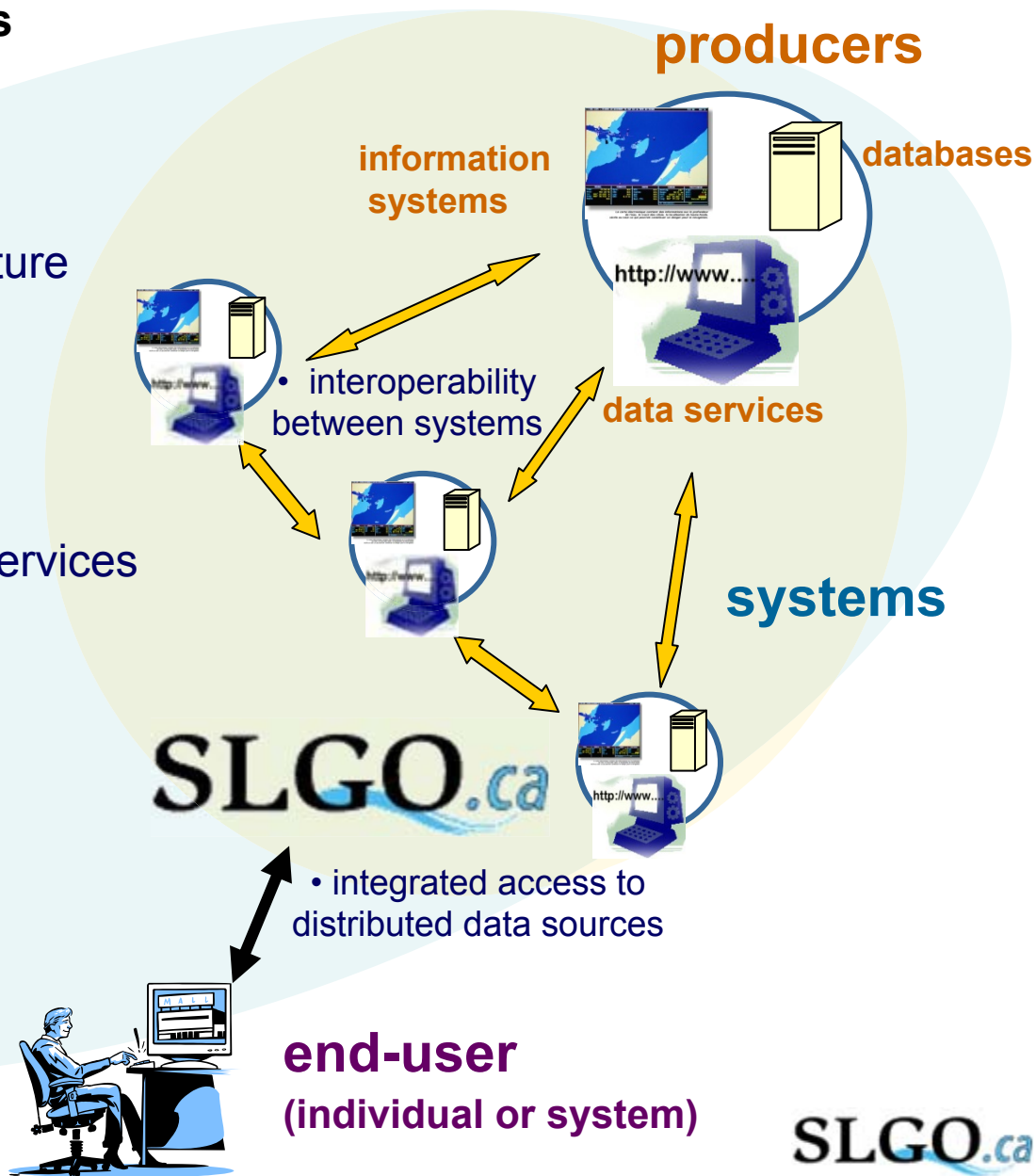


Interoperability: a common solution

producers ◀ ▶ systems ◀ ▶ users

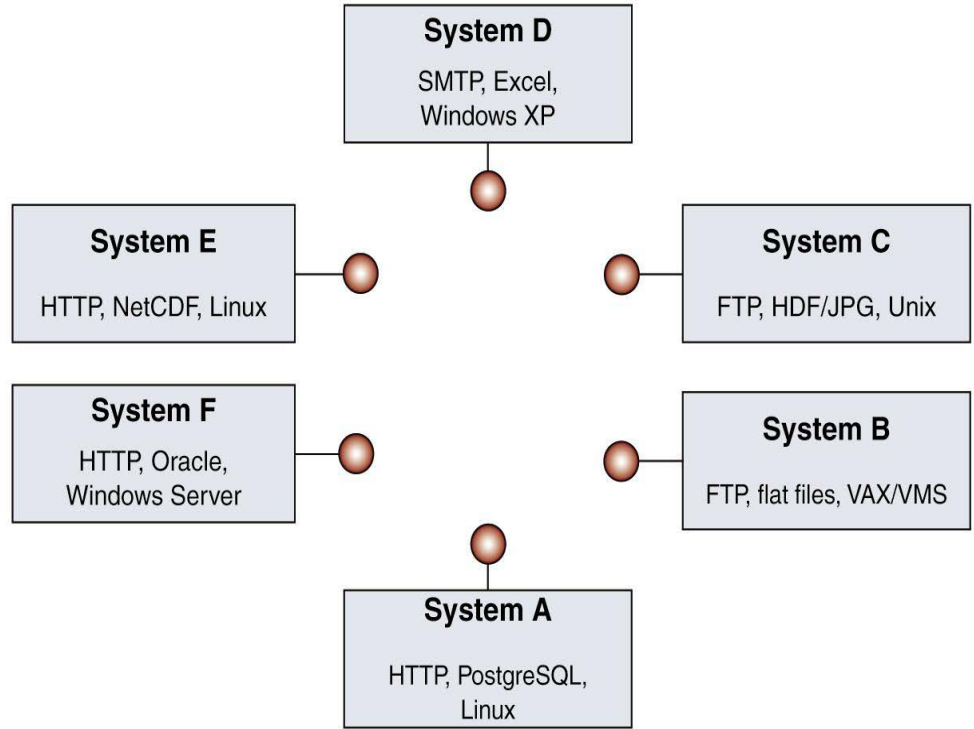
+ a governance structure

- secure architecture
- common standards
(data exchange protocols, metadata, security, etc...)
- quality/timely data, products & services
- common values:
 - respect of mandates, jurisdictions & technological choices
 - collaboration
 - efficiency
- increased value & use of information assets



System Interoperability

Multiple access

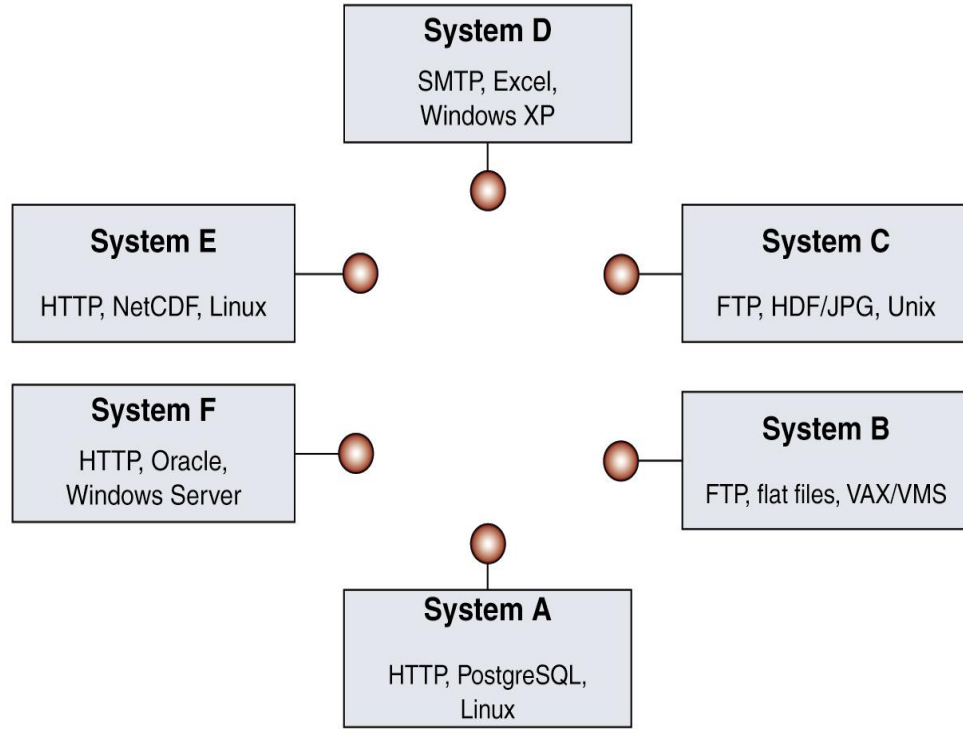


Data producers with own business solutions

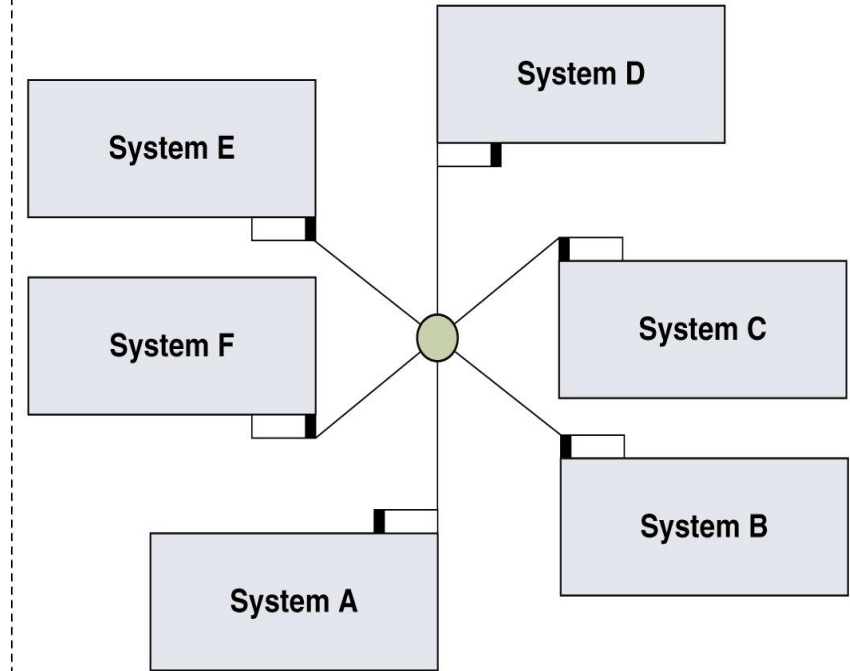
- Range of heterogeneous environments, technologies, protocols and formats
- Requires expertise at the end-user level

System Interoperability

Multiple access



Integrated access



● ● Access points □ Web Service

Data producers with own business solutions

- Range of heterogeneous environments, technologies, protocols and formats
- Requires expertise at the end-user level

Integrated access + Web services to facilitate system queries

- Expertise remains with the system experts and no longer required at the end-user level

Web Data Services (WDS)

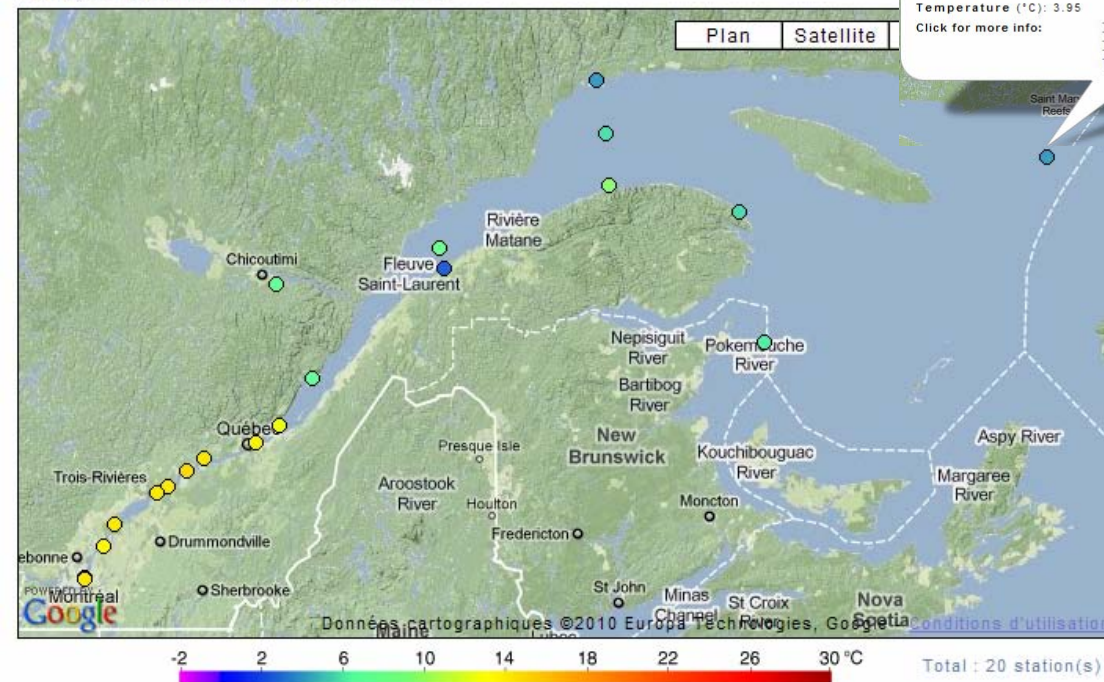
- ⇒ Web services key features defined as function of operational needs & expected benefits;
- ⇒ WDS developed as existing types of Web services did not offer all of the following capabilities:
 - handle spatial & temporal queries along 4 dimensions (x, y, z, t)
 - deliver data with their native structure and for a range of field instruments:
 - time series → ex: moored recorder (temperature, current, etc)
 - vertical profiles → ex: CTD cast, bottle sampler
 - along track measurements → ex: ship mounted ADCP
 - biological sampling → ex: trawl, plankton net
 - handle data sources seamlessly whether real-time or archives
 - simple development framework on both server and client sides

Web access to distributed data sources

St. Lawrence Observation Network

Water Temperature: 2010-05-18 17:39:00 UTC - 2010-05-19 12:27:00 UTC

* Click on a station for more information.



- multi-partner collaborative project (government & academic)
- network of stations
- real-time & archived data (x,y,z,t)
- various output (map, graph, table)
<http://SLGO.ca>

Sources

Select one or more data sources

Sources		Real Time	Archives
		Number of records - (Period)	
DFO	Buoys	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2866	
	SINECO	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5265924	
	ODMS		<input type="checkbox"/> 27864213 (1963-07-31 to 2009-11-05)
ISMER	Buoys	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2866	
	ODMS		<input type="checkbox"/> 1490879 (2005-06-09 to 2006-11-07)
EC	Buoys	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 16864	<input type="checkbox"/> 2396796 (1991-05-15 to 2008-04-27)

For more details: see [Contexte](#)

Parameters

Select a date, a period and a depth interval

Date (YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm UTC) 2010-05-18 12:31

Period +1 day

Depth (m) min: 0 max: +5 m

Display Results

Reset



Environment
Canada



Fisheries and Oceans
Canada

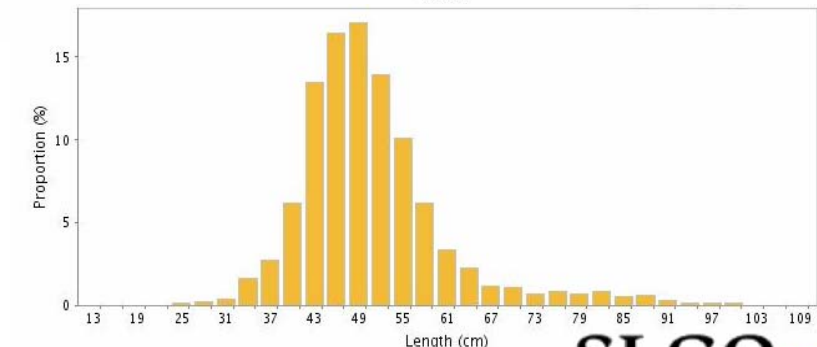
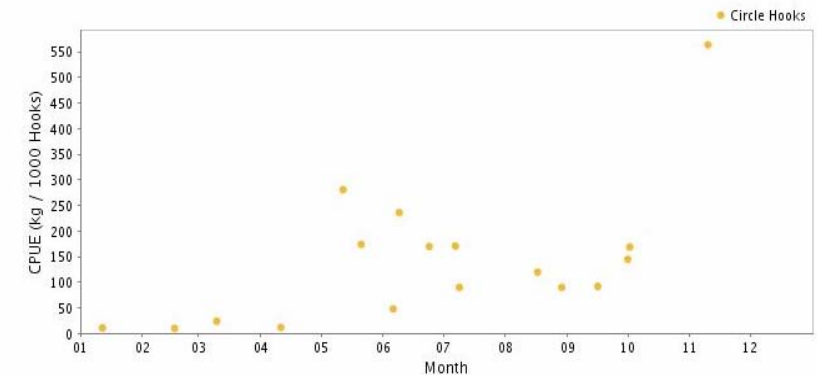
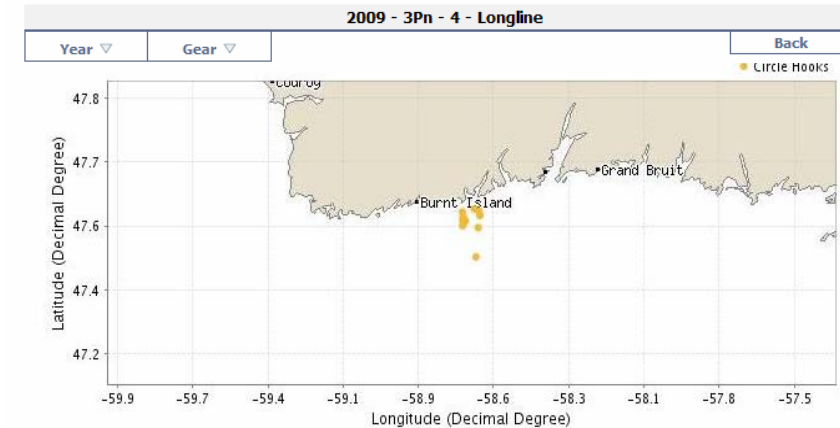
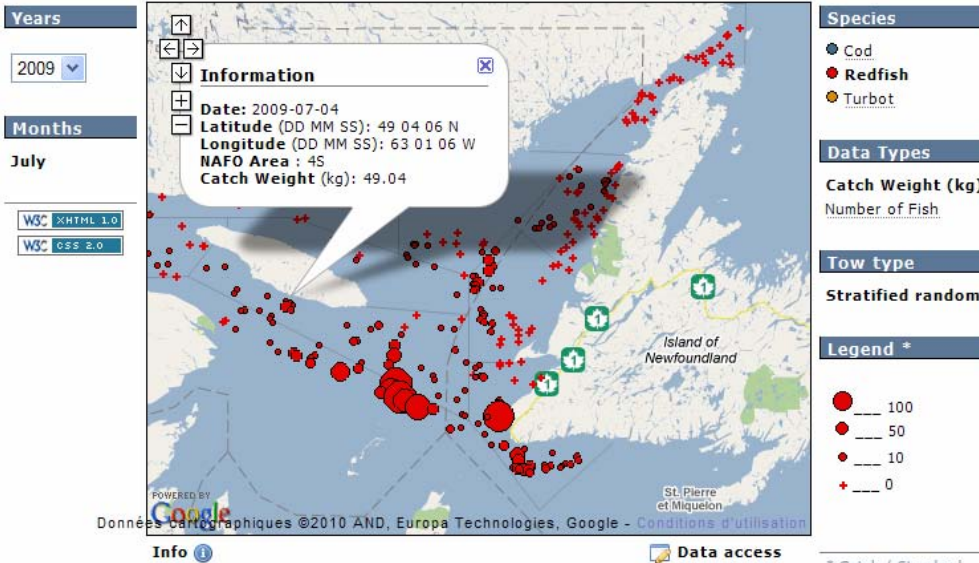


Web applications exploiting data services

Sentinel Fisheries - Fixed Gear

Sentinel Fisheries - Mobile Gear

2009 • July • Redfish • Catch Weight

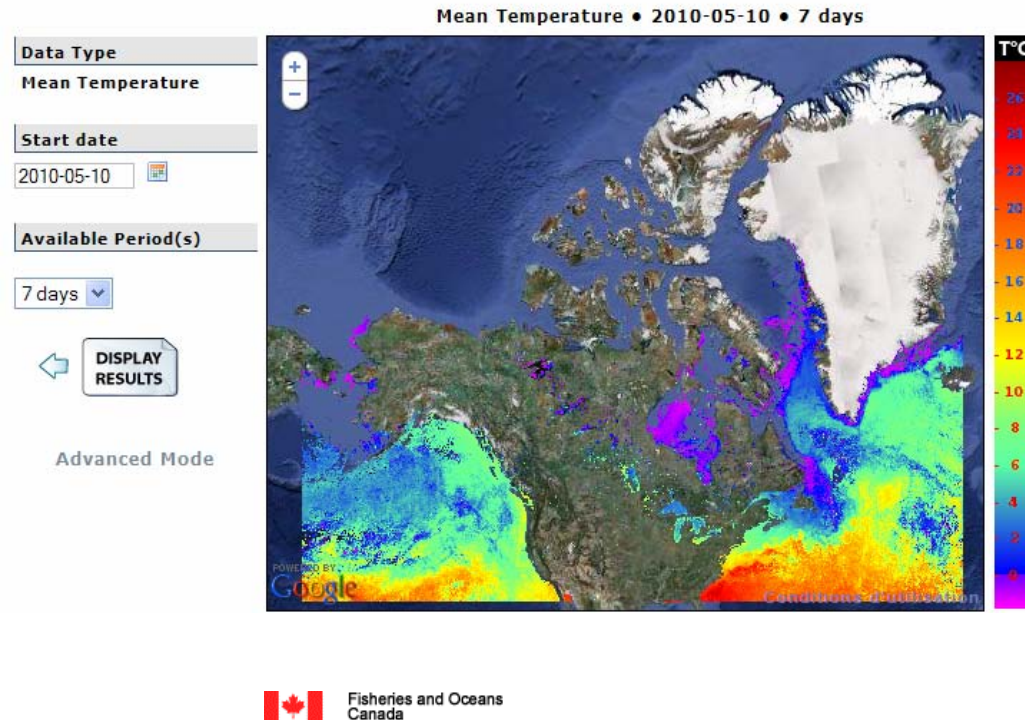


- collaborative efforts (gov. & industry)
- database queries via Web Data Service (WDS)
- data visualisation & export in various formats (KML, csv, table)
- archives since 1999

<http://SLGO.ca>

Web applications

Remote Sensing - Sea Surface Temperature



- satellite imagery
- various output formats

<http://SLGO.ca>

Data Extraction Advanced Mode

[Back to Basic Mode](#)

Step 1: Define a period

Data Types

Start Date(s)

Periods

Step 2: Select a region of interest

Spatial References

Area

long. min.	lat. min.	long. max.	lat. max.
-180	27.68352808	-11.6015625	84.12497319

Format

Step 3: Define Image Properties

Projection

epsg:

Maximum Size (pixels) Width Height

File Type

Quality

Display min°C max°C

Title

Overlay ☒ Land mask ☒ Coast lines ☒ Palette

Grid

Web applications

Ocean Forecasts



Fisheries and Oceans
Canada

Pêches et Océans
Canada



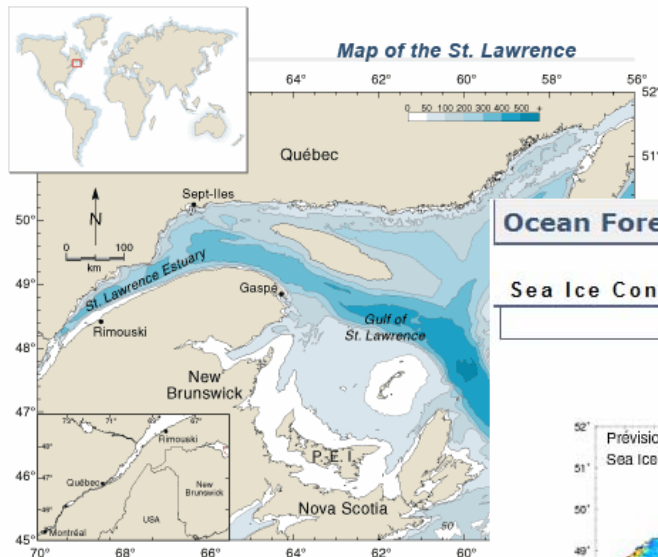
- References
- Level of service

The Ocean Forecasts for the Estuary and Gulf of St. Lawrence are issued by the Modelling and Operational Oceanography section of the Canadian Hydrographic Service (CHS), Maurice Lamontagne Institute (MLI), Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO).

The surface current and sea ice forecasts for the Gulf of St. Lawrence are extracted from a three-dimensional numerical model computing the oceanic circulation under the influence of tides, the St. Lawrence River fresh water runoff, the atmospheric forcing, and the sea ice drift, growth and melt. The model has been validated under a series of scientific and operational research and development programs within the Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada. The validation process was done against a number of oceanographic observations including currents, water levels, water temperature and salinity, and sea ice drift, concentration, and thickness.

The physical data used as input to the model are:

- Tidal elevation at Cabot and Belle-Isle Straits;
- Forecasts of fresh water run-off at Quebec City;
- Meteorological forecasts issued from the GEM model of the Canadian Meteorological Centre, Meteorological Service of Canada, which includes wind, air temperature, cloud cover, and relative humidity;
- Ice observation integrated in daily charts from the Canadian Ice Service, Environment Canada.



- operational oceanography
- hourly forecasts
- sea ice, surface currents

<http://SLGO.ca>

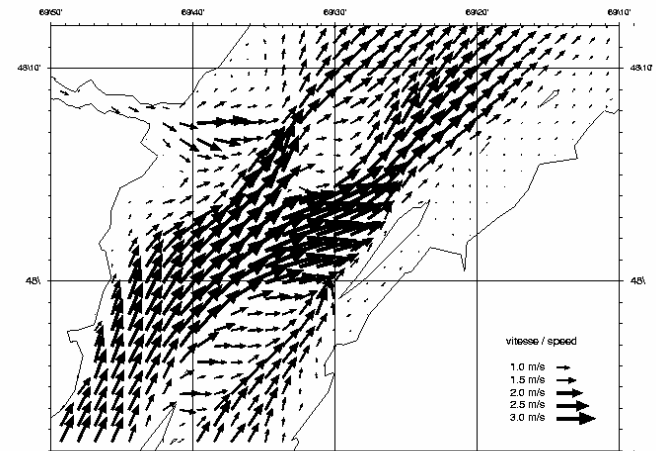
Ocean Forecasts - Surface Currents

Surface current forecast (Estuary, zone 1)

Select an hour ▾

Back

2010-05-28 08:00 AM EST (GMT - 5)

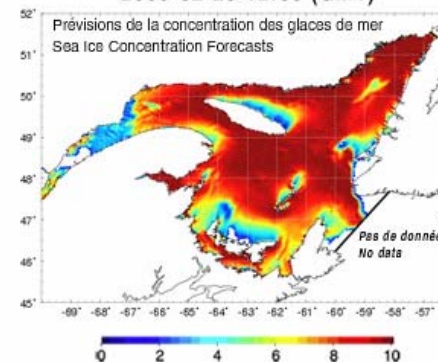


Ocean Forecasts - Animations: Interannual Comparisons

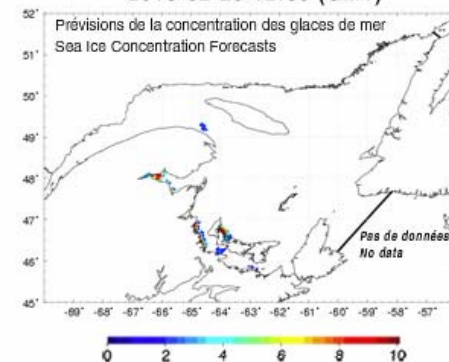
Sea Ice Concentration

Select a period ▾

2009-02-28 12:00 (GMT)

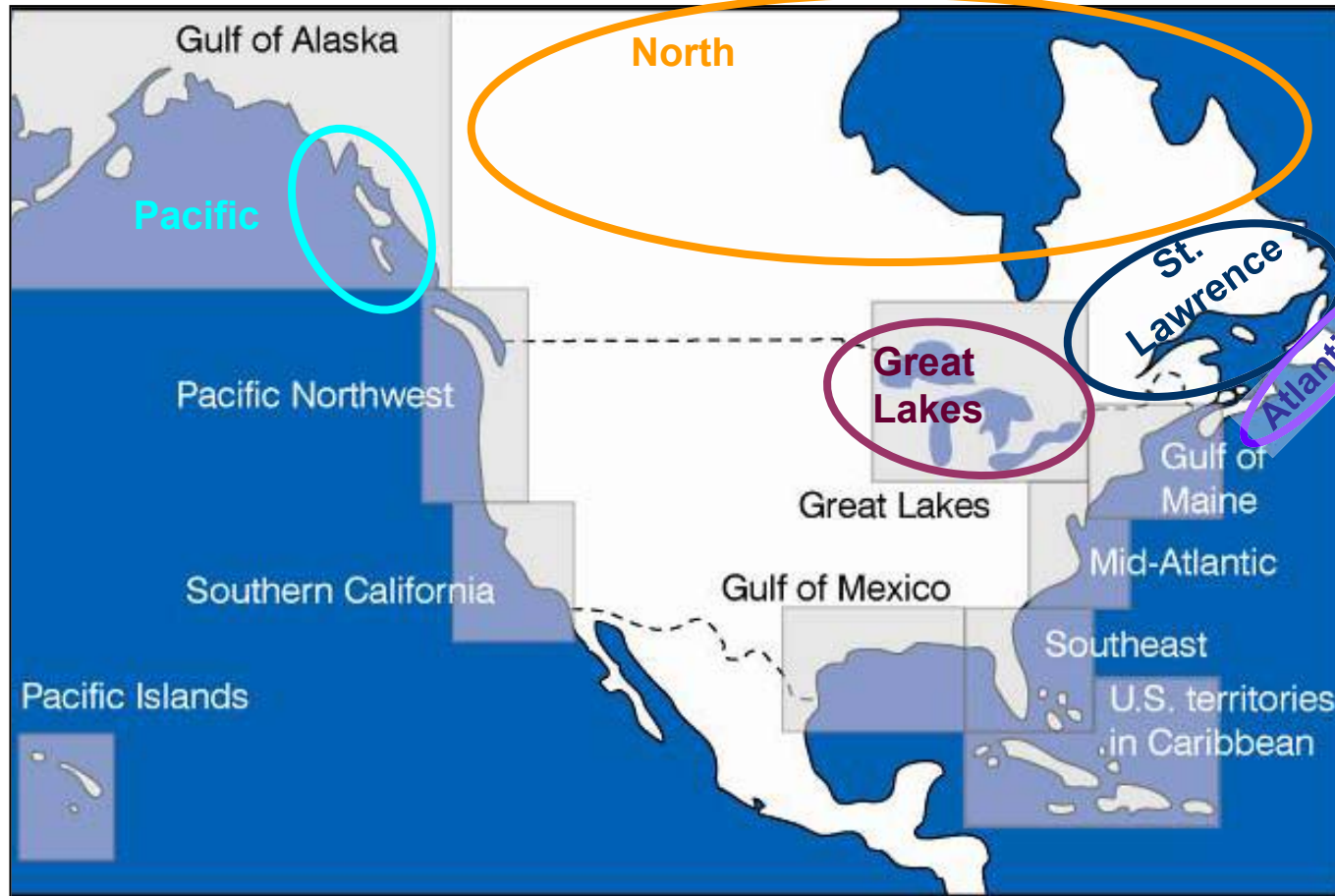


2010-02-28 12:00 (GMT)



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A network of observatories



range of data access initiatives:

- Government On-Line
- Canadian Geospatial Data Infrastructure (CGDI)
- Habitat atlases
- Data centers
- Ocean Science & Technology Partnership (OSTP)
- Environmental information systems
- Water management information systems
- etc.

America: St. Lawrence Global Observatory (SLGO), ocean observing systems - OOS (Neptune, Venus, etc.), Great Lakes Observing System (GLOS), Northwest Atlantic Ocean Observing System (NWAOOS), Integrated Ocean Observing System (IOOS), SmartBay, GoMOOS (Gulf of Maine), etc.

International: Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS), Mercator, Prévimer, Global Ocean Observing System (GOOS), Integrated Marine Observing System (IMOS), etc.

Benefits for members & users

- ➡ easier **access** to collective wealth of information about the St. Lawrence ecosystem
- ➡ increased **collective capacity** to deliver mandates through collaboration, sharing & improved relations between data producers
- ➡ **savings** & better return on investment through sharing means and expertise
- ➡ identification of information **gaps** & reduction of **duplication**
- ➡ development of **joint monitoring & research** initiatives
- ➡ potential for development of a variety of **value-added** data products and services by **private & public sectors**
- ➡ global vision facilitating **integrated management** & ecosystem-based approach
- ➡ opportunities for making **academic data** available, accessible and reusable
- ➡ increased **visibility** for member community, national & international **exposure**

Summary

➡ SLGO inter-institutional cooperation framework

- ◆ based on **commitment**, shared vision & values
- ◆ built on commonly agreed upon **governance** structure
- ◆ brings **collective benefits** to member organizations & their clients

➡ System interoperability

- ◆ allows **decoupling** technology from business processes
- ◆ **platform-independent standard-based** approach
- ◆ **integrated access** to distributed data assets

➡ Looking ahead

- ◆ issues of data integration/quality/duplication, Web service governance
- ◆ positioning SLGO among leading initiatives
- ◆ collaborative project with Argentina to implement an ocean observatory
- ◆ participation in national OOS inventory (CSA-DFO-OSTP)
- ◆ participation in research networks
 - ◆ with industry (ex: NavEcoNet on green navigation/transport)
 - ◆ with communities (ex: ARUC on climate change adaptation)

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St. Lawrence
Global Observatory

®

... collaboration, sharing, efficiency

... access to data & information

... interoperability, network of collaborators

... common vision, governance model

<http://slgo.ca>

info@ogsl.ca

Thank you

... Questions?